

Louisiana

History

Ch. 01

Crossword Puzzle

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Teacher Notes

As I put this charter's activity together, I came across a few words I really want my students to know since they will only be exposed to Louisiana history one last time unless they will study it in college but most won't. I only have one last chance to teach them about our language, our culture, our traditions, our religions, our ethnic groups, our music, foods, parish names, towns, schools, sections, festivals, rivers, bayous, weather and all the other things about Louisiana. Not to mention the "history facts" that they need to know for the test at the end of the year.

At least I can "touch" of many items in this one activity and get them to thinking about our great state.

This puzzle has an answer key – sort of – on the last couple of pages but as most teacher will know, most of this is simple straight forward.

MRE

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Across

4. This music began in churches and was blended with folk music.
6. They migrated from Nova Scotia in the eighteenth century.
9. Migrated from England Scots-Irish heritage and mostly Protestant.
11. Louisiana is known worldwide for festivals for creatures, Rayne made this one famous.
12. Is that north Louisiana region known for its lakes, rivers and vast sportsmanship areas.
13. This instrument helps make the rhythm sounds in the popular African-American music known as Zydeco.
16. This dish is better served in north Louisiana along with fried chicken and potatoes.
17. This dish comes from the coast of Louisiana and should be served boiled and hot.
18. This festival should be known as the "Sunnyside Up" or Napoleon Festival.
19. The central region of Louisiana that merges the cultures of north and south Louisiana,
20. Louisiana is known worldwide for its festivals, New Orleans made this one famous.
22. An early Louisiane Non-Catholic religion..
23. This Opelousas festival is just one of many, many , many named for products of Louisiana.
24. This music is based on black folk chants.
25. These large groups have created music since colonial days.
26. This festival in Colfax offers a glimpse of country life from the past.
30. This group was here first and became the first Louisiana people.
34. They began coming to Louisiana in the nineteenth century and well known for their farming skills
35. String instruments helped create this traditional southern music of north Louisiana.
36. This food is most identified with spring in south Louisiana.
37. Are great fishermen that now live along the Gulf Coast.

Down

1. This region is best known for Louisiana first(second) and foremost city.
2. These are later added to make this style of music a new style known as rhythm and blues.
3. Migrated here during the early colonial years but blended with the French culture.
5. New Orleans is the birthplace of what style of music?
6. Migrated here several ways; from west Africa, west Indies, and some were here freely as free people of color.
7. Louisiana is known worldwide for festivals for products, Mansfield made this one famous.
8. This festival features fires along the Mississippi River at Christmas.
10. This dessert is grown mainly in southeast Louisiana.
14. You can tell when this festival is held just by its name.
15. Louisiana is known worldwide for festivals for its products, Ruston made this one famous.
21. Defines a way of life in early Louisiane.
26. Is identified as the region along the Mississippi River.
27. Is the region known as the land the Acadians settled.
28. An area defined by similar features.
29. Better known as Isleños and speak the Spanish dialect.
31. This festival sounds more like it should be in Texas than in north Louisiana.
32. This is a very popular instrument along with the fiddle was added to create Cajun music.
33. This music comes from sacred folk songs of African-Americans.

Name _____ Date _____

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Jazz New Orleans is the birthplace of what style of music?

Protestant An early Louisiane Non-Catholic religion..

Culture Defines a way of life in early Louisiane.

Blues This music is based on black folk chants.

Horns These are later added to make this style of music a new style known as rhythm and blues.

Accordion This is a very popular instrument along with the fiddle was added to create Cajun music.

Rubboard This instrument helps make the rhythm sounds in the popular African-American music known as Zydeco.

Bluegrass String instruments helped create this traditional southern music of north Louisiana.

Gospel This music began in churches and was blended with folk music.

Spirituals This music comes from sacred folk songs of African-Americans.

Orchestras These large groups have created music since colonial days.

Crawfish This food is most identified with spring in south Louisiana.

Barbeque This dish is better served in north Louisiana along with fried chicken and potatoes.

Crabs This dish comes from the coast of Louisiana and should be served boiled and hot.

Strawberries This dessert is grown mainly in southeast Louisiana.

Octoberfest You can tell when this festival is held just by its name.

Tamale This festival sounds more like it should be in Texas than in north Louisiana.

Omelette This festival should be known as the "Sunnyside Up" or Napoleon Festival.

Yambilee This Opelousas festival is just one of many, many, many named for products of Louisiana.

Pecan This festival in Colfax offers a glimpse of country life from the past.

Bonfires This festival features fires along the Mississippi River at Christmas.

Frogs Louisiana is known worldwide for festivals for creatures, Rayne made this one famous.

Peach Louisiana is known worldwide for festivals for its products, Ruston made this one famous.

Blueberries Louisiana is known worldwide for festivals for products, Mansfield made this one famous.

MardiGras Louisiana is known worldwide for its festivals, New Orleans made this one famous.

Region An area defined by similar features.

Crossroads The central region of Louisiana that merges the cultures of north and south Louisiana,

Cajun Is the region known as the land the Acadians settled.

Plantation Is identified as the region along the Mississippi River.

Paradise Is that north Louisiana region known for its lakes, rivers and vast sportsmanship areas.

NewOrleans This region is best known for Louisiana first (second) and foremost city.

Acadians They migrated from Nova Scotia in the eighteenth century.

Anglos Migrated from England Scots-Irish heritage and mostly Protestant.

Germans Migrated here during the early colonial years but blended with the French culture.

African-American Migrated here several ways; from west Africa, west Indies, and some were here freely as free people of color.

Italians They began coming to Louisiana in the nineteenth century and well known for their farming skills

Hispanics Better known as Isleños and speak the Spanish dialect.

Vietnamese Are great fishermen that now live along the Gulf Coast.

Native-Americans This group was here first and became the first Louisiana people.

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